

QUATRE
MORCEAUX DE SALON

pour
Viola ou Clarinette
avec accompagnement
DE PIANO

composés et dédiés
à Monsieur Guillaume D'Orlinger

par
GEORGE COLTERMANN

OP. 35

- N°1. Romance.
N°2 Alla Mazurka
N°3. Caprice.
N°4. Adagio et Tarantella.

N° 8574

Pr. de chaque N° BL.
Ensemble M 3,20.

Propriété de l'Éditeur
pour tous pays.

OFFENBACH & M, chez JEAN ANDRÉ.

Paris, déposé,

Rue d'Orléans, 112.

Ces Morceaux sont aussi publiés pour Violoncelle avec Piano no 17

1.
ROMANZE.

Andante con moto.

6. *Colony-forming units*, 99-105.

TIOLOSCELLO.

PLANO.

In tempo.

rejoice.

1000000

in J^D tempo.

2. *philly*

1990

Verlag von Joh. Andue in Offenbach a/M.

ASTI-1.

ALLA MAZURKA.

G. Górecki Nr. 2.

VIOLONCELLO.

PIANO.

Violoncello and Piano score, Op. 2, No. 2 by G. Górecki. The score is in 3/4 time and consists of four systems. The Violoncello part is written in treble clef, and the Piano part is written in grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings (p, f). The first system shows the beginning of the piece with a key signature of one flat. The second system continues the melody. The third system features a change in dynamics from piano (p) to forte (f). The fourth system concludes the piece with a final cadence.

The musical score is written in 2/4 time and consists of six systems of staves. The top staff is a vocal line, and the bottom two staves are for piano accompaniment. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Key markings and annotations include:

- no tempo* (top right)
- 26* (top right)
- in tempo* (top right)
- arco* (first system, piano part)
- string* (first system, piano part)
- colla parte* (first system, piano part)
- ritard.* (first system, piano part)
- ritard.* (second system, piano part)
- p* (second system, piano part)
- mf* (third system, piano part)
- pp* (fourth system, piano part)
- rit.* (fifth system, piano part)
- rit.* (sixth system, piano part)

no tempo.

p na expressão.

cresc.

rit.

rit.

rit.

rit.

This page of musical notation consists of six systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The music is written in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various musical notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first system begins with a treble staff and a bass staff, both starting with a treble clef. The second system continues the melody in the treble staff and the accompaniment in the bass staff. The third system features a treble staff with a treble clef and a bass staff with a bass clef. The fourth system continues the melody in the treble staff and the accompaniment in the bass staff. The fifth system features a treble staff with a treble clef and a bass staff with a bass clef. The sixth system concludes the piece with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The dynamic markings include *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *f* (forte). The piece concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

3.

CAPRICE.

Allegretto grazioso.

G. Göttermann No. 1.

VIOLONCELLO.

PIANO

The musical score is written for Violoncello and Piano. The Violoncello part (top staff) has a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (D major). The Piano part (bottom staff) has a grand staff with treble and bass clefs and the same key signature. The tempo is marked 'Allegretto grazioso.' The score includes first and second endings, a 'ritard.' (ritardando) section, and a 'piu tempo' section. The piano part provides a steady harmonic accompaniment with chords and moving lines.

Andante.
mf

f

f

mf

p *con grazia.*

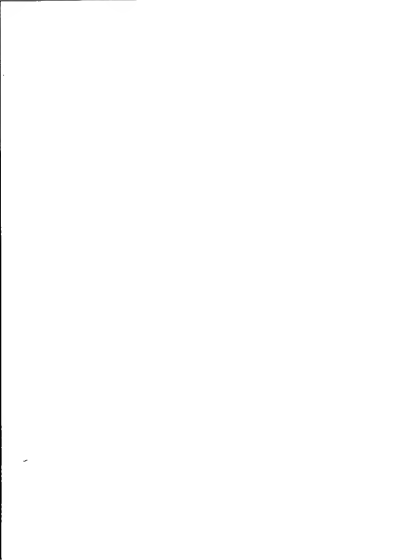
1874. 3.

The musical score consists of five systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and a vocal line. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Performance instructions and markings include:

- ritard.* (ritardando) - appearing above the vocal line in the second system.
- in tempo.* - appearing above the vocal line in the second system.
- ritard.* (ritardando) - appearing below the vocal line in the second system.
- p in tempo.* - appearing below the vocal line in the second system.
- p* (piano) - appearing below the bass staff in the fourth system.
- p* (piano) - appearing below the bass staff in the fifth system.

The score concludes with a double bar line and the marking *fin.* at the bottom right.



4.

ADAGIO E TARANTELLA.

G. G. Schumann Op. 10.

Adagio ma non troppo.

VIOLONCELLO.

PIANO.

The musical score is for a piece in 3/4 time, Op. 10 No. 4 by Robert Schumann. It is divided into two systems. The first system is marked 'Adagio ma non troppo.' and the second system is marked 'in tempo.' The piano part is marked 'p' and the cello part is marked 'f'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamics. The first system ends with a double bar line and the second system continues the piece. The piano part is marked 'p' and the cello part is marked 'f'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamics. The first system ends with a double bar line and the second system continues the piece. The piano part is marked 'p' and the cello part is marked 'f'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamics.

5
 (66) Allegro Tempo di Tarantella.

This musical score is for a piece titled "Allegro Tempo di Tarantella," marked with a page number of 5 and a system number of 66. The score is written for a piano and features a single melodic line in the right hand and a harmonic accompaniment in the left hand. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo is indicated as "Allegro." The score consists of eight systems of music. The first system begins with a piano (p) dynamic marking. The melody is characterized by rapid sixteenth-note passages, often beamed together, and includes various ornaments such as trills and grace notes. The accompaniment consists of chords and moving lines in the left hand, with some measures featuring a piano (p) dynamic. The piece concludes with a final cadence in the eighth system, marked with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

tr

4

4

leggero.

2

p

4

4

2

p

ESTO. 4.

This page contains six systems of musical notation, each with a treble and bass staff. The notation is complex, featuring many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together. Dynamic markings include 'p' (piano) in the second and fifth systems. The piece ends with a double bar line and the number '1274. A.' at the bottom right.

This page of musical notation contains five systems of staves. Each system is composed of three staves: a grand staff (treble and bass clef) and a single treble staff. The music is written in 4/4 time and includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'p' and 'f'. The notation is arranged in a vertical sequence, with each system occupying approximately one-fifth of the page. The first system begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The subsequent systems continue the musical piece, with the final system ending with a double bar line and a 'fin.' marking.

1. ROMANZE.

VIOLA.

G. Gellermann, Op. 1

Andante con moto.

The musical score for Viola, Op. 1 by G. Gellermann, is written in 2/4 time and consists of 12 staves. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked *Andante con moto.* The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (*p*, *mf*, *f*, *cresc.*, *decresc.*, *rallent.*), tempo markings (*in tempo*), and articulation (accents, slurs). The score is a single melodic line for the Viola.

VIOLETA.

G. Gollmann, Op. 35893

[illegible]

4. ADAGIO E TARANTELLA.

Adagio ma non troppo.

VIOLA

G. Goltzmann N.º 1.

First system: *p* *ritard.* *in tempo.* *p*

Second system: *f* *ritard.* *p*

Third system: *f* *ritard.* *p*

Fourth system: *p* *ritard.* *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Fifth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Allegro Tempo di Tarantella.

First system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Second system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Third system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Fourth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Fifth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Sixth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Seventh system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Eighth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Ninth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Tenth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Eleventh system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twelfth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirteenth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Fourteenth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Fifteenth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Sixteenth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Seventeenth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Eighteenth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Nineteenth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twentieth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twenty-first system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twenty-second system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twenty-third system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twenty-fourth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twenty-fifth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twenty-sixth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twenty-seventh system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twenty-eighth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Twenty-ninth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirtieth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirty-first system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirty-second system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirty-third system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirty-fourth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirty-fifth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirty-sixth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirty-seventh system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirty-eighth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Thirty-ninth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Fortieth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Forty-first system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Forty-second system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Forty-third system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Forty-fourth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Forty-fifth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Forty-sixth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Forty-seventh system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Forty-eighth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Forty-ninth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

Fiftieth system: *f* *ritard.* *in tempo.*

VIOLA.

V V
 13 *Mozz. And. c.*
 14
 15
 16
 17
 18
 19
 20
 21
 22

1.

ROMANZE.

CLARINETTO in A.

G. Göttermann N° 1.

Allante con moto.

p

sf

rallent.

sf

in tempo.

p dolce.

cresc.

in tempo.

e string.

rallent.

sf

rallent.

sf

p dolce.

in tempo.

cresc. e string.

rallent.

sf

p

rallent.

2.

ALLA MAZURKA.

CLARINETTO in B.

G. Goldmann N. 2.

The musical score is written for a Clarinet in B. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into 14 staves. The first staff starts with a *mf* (mezzo-forte) dynamic. The second staff has a *f* (forte) dynamic. The third staff has a *mf* dynamic. The fourth staff has a *f* dynamic. The fifth staff has a *mf* dynamic and a *con forza* marking. The sixth staff has a *f* dynamic. The seventh staff has a *mf* dynamic. The eighth staff has a *f* dynamic. The ninth staff has a *mf* dynamic. The tenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The eleventh staff has a *mf* dynamic. The twelfth staff has a *f* dynamic. The thirteenth staff has a *mf* dynamic. The fourteenth staff has a *f* dynamic. The score ends with a *rit.* (ritardando) marking.

1

G. Holmberg, G. B. N. N.

Est. 1946. *Small, elegant*

454.3

4.

ADAGIO E TARANTELLA.

CLARINETTO in B.

G. Golestan, N.º 4.

Adagio ma non troppo.

p *f* *mf* *p* *f* *mf*

in tempo *rallent.*

Allegro Tempo di Tarantella.

mf *f* *mf* *f* *mf* *f*

rallent.

CLARINETTO in B.

Musical score for Clarinet in B, featuring 12 staves of music. The score includes various dynamics and articulations:

- leggero.* (first staff)
- sf* (fourth staff, first ending)
- f* (fourth staff, second ending)
- sf* (eighth staff)
- leggero.* (ninth staff)
- sf* (eleventh staff)

The score concludes with a double bar line and a final key signature change to B-flat major.

